



Product Catalog

Trane HSWA/B Water-cooled Liquid Chillers

100-1100 Tons (352-3868kW), 60 and 50 Hz





Introduction

Efficient solution with HFO

Environmental—The HSWB chiller's design is optimized with the next-generation, low-GWP refrigerant R-1234ze. This refrigerant provides super low GWP <1 , helping you meet sustainability goals by reducing the impact to the environment. The HSWB chiller can also be selected with R513A or R-134a refrigerant.

Reliable—The HSWA/B chiller has legendary Trane® reliability designed in from the start. Its two-stage, semi-hermetic centrifugal compressor with a permanent magnet, refrigerant-cooled motor delivers efficient, stable operation across a wide range of applications. Couple this with Tracer® AdaptiView™ unit controls and customers will enjoy maximum flexibility to meet your applications' needs. Trane® controls also allow for remote connectivity, enabling optimum unit performance to deliver reliable and efficient operation.

Compact—Providing best-in-class size, the HSWA chiller portfolio provides an optimized footprint that minimizes installation costs making it an ideal choice for existing building applications. The HSWA/B chiller fits through a standard double door (1.7 meter x 2.0 meter) fully assembled, and can be easily separated into two sections that fit through a single door (0.85 meter x 2.0 meter).

Economical—The HSWA chiller balances size and efficiency, allowing you to increase building efficiency while keeping installation costs low. Leveraging oil-free, magnetic bearings with optimized compressor speeds and the latest Trane® proprietary (CHIL™) heat exchanger designs, these technologies—coupled with proven chiller design principles—enable a smaller footprint, delivering both high full-load and Integrated Part Load Values (IPLV) over 40 percent better than the ASHRAE 90.1-2016. The HSWA chiller's compact size will keep installation costs low, and its efficiency will help reduce electrical consumption (kWh or part load) as well as demand charges (kWh or high load) contributing to low operating expenses.

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General Information

Local Support

The performance and reliability of HSWA/B chillers is backed by a team of knowledgeable engineers, HVAC systems specialists, and technical professionals. Your local Trane team will see you through the entire chiller bid process, from building analysis to equipment specification and through installation and commissioning.

ISO 9001 Certified

The quality management system used by the Trane HSWA/B chiller manufacturing facility is the ISO 9001 Standard. This standard documents office, manufacturing, and testing procedures for maximum consistency in meeting or exceeding customer expectations. ISO 9001 requires extensive documentation on how quality assurance activities are managed, performed, and continuously monitored. Included in the system are verification checkpoints from the time the order is entered until final shipment. In addition, product development is subjected to formal planning, review, and validation.

Certified AHRI Performance

HSWA/B chillers are rated within the scope of the Air-Conditioning, Heating & Refrigeration Institute (AHRI) Certification Program and display the AHRI Certified® mark as a visual confirmation of conformance to the certification sections of AHRI Standard 550/590 (I-P).

The applications in this catalog specifically excluded from the AHRI certification program are:

- Low temperature applications (below 36°F [2.2°C]), including ice storage
- Heat recovery and heat pump ratings
- Glycol and brines

Standard Features

The following features are provided as standard with all Trane HSWA/B chillers:

Compressor Overview

- Direct drive two-stage semi-hermetic compressor
- Integrated and digital capacity control
- Permanent magnet motor
- Refrigerant-cooled motor
- Integrated digitally-controlled magnetic bearing
- Oil-free
- High-strength alloy shaft
- Dimensionally-stabilized aluminum main housing
- Enclosure IP54 rating as per UP984 requirement

Standard Motor Protections

Trane provides the key motor protection and metering functions within the microprocessor control panel as standard. Having the motor control and chiller control in one panel provides better integration and optimization of the two control systems. For example, the chiller controller can unload the chiller when approaching an overload “trip” point, so that the chiller stays online.

The standard motor protections include:

- Overload protection
- Long acceleration protection
- Motor overheat protection
- Momentary power loss protection
- Phase failure/loss protection
- Phase imbalance protection
- Under/over voltage protection
- Short cycling protection

Quiet Operation

HSWA/B’s direct drive, magnetic bearing compressor provides quiet, reliable and efficient operation across its operating map. HSWA/B chillers rank among the quietest chillers delivering sound levels at the lowest 70 dB(A)(140RT). When evaluating sound, it is important to understand the conditions and measurement standard to calculate sound levels. Trane can guarantee sound levels with factory testing and measurements in accordance with AHRI Standard 575.

Optional Features

Thermal Insulation

Prevent condensation on the chiller shells:

- Available in two thicknesses: 19 mm and 38 mm
- Provides flexible thermal barrier
- Low VOCs, fiber free and resistant to mold

IEEE Standard 519 Harmonic Filter

It is important to recognize that the IEEE Standard 519 as a guideline relates to the entire system, not specifically to any one load or product. IEEE Standard 519 establishes requirements at the point of common coupling (PCC) where the building connects to the utility system. The IEEE Standard contains no specific requirements for the internal electrical loads. In buildings where harmonics might be a concern, Trane recommends conducting a power-distribution system analysis to determine if there is a need to further attenuate harmonics at the system level.

The HSWA/B chiller's standard Total Demand Distortion (TDD) is approximately 35%. With the harmonic filter option, HSWA/B meets the IEEE Standard 519 requirement of less than 5% TDD.

Application and Job Site Considerations

Low Condenser Water Temperatures

HSWA/B chillers start and operate over a wide range of load conditions. Reducing the condenser water temperature is an effective way to lower the chiller power input; however, the effect of lowering the condenser water temperature may cause an increase in system power consumption. Although HSWA/B chillers can start and operate without control of the condenser water temperature, integrated control of the chillers, pumps, and towers is easily accomplished with the chiller controller and/or Tracer® building controls.

Water Treatment

The use of untreated or improperly treated water in a chiller may result in scaling, erosion, corrosion, algae, or slime. It is recommended that the services of a qualified water treatment specialist be used to determine what treatment, if any, is advisable. Trane assumes no responsibility for the results of untreated, or improperly treated water.

Water Flow Strategies

Today's technology challenges AHRI's traditional design of 3 gpm/ton (0.054 L/s-kW) through the condenser. Reduced condenser flows are a simple and effective way to reduce both first and operating costs for the entire chiller plant. This design strategy will require more effort from the chiller. But pump and tower savings will typically offset any penalty. This is especially true when the plant is partially loaded or condenser relief is available.

In new systems, the benefits can include dramatic savings associated with:

- Size and cost of the water pumps and cooling tower
- Pump and cooling tower fan energy (30 to 35 percent reduction)
- Size and cost for condenser lines and valves

Replacement chiller plants can reap even greater benefits from low flow condensers. Because the water lines and tower are already in place, reduced flows offer tremendous energy savings.

Theoretically, a 2 gpm/ton (0.036 L/s-kW) design applied to a 3 gpm/ton (0.054 L/s-kW) system would offer a 70 percent reduction in pump energy. At the same time, the original tower would require a nozzle change but would then be able to produce about two degrees colder condenser water than before. These two benefits would typically offset any extra effort required by the chiller.

Contact your local Trane account manager for information regarding optimum condenser water temperatures and flow rates for a specific application.

Shipment and Assembly

HSWA/B chiller ships as a factory assembled, factory tested package, nitrogen charged or fully/partially refrigerant charged. ready to rig into place on factory-supplied isolation pads.

HSWA/B chiller is shrink-wrapped to help ensure that it is delivered to the customer in the same condition it left the factory. The packaging process used is industry-leading; each unit is covered with a six-sided 10 mil, military-grade recyclable film.

Controls

Tracer AdaptiView Controller

HSWA/B chillers leverage a Tracer® AdaptiView™ controller, which uses Feed Forward Adaptive Control™ strategies to anticipate and compensate for changes in the chiller's operating conditions. Key features and benefits of the Tracer® AdaptiView™ chiller control are highlighted here.

Control Panel and Operator Interface

The Tracer® AdaptiView™ control panel is a 7-inch touchscreen display that provides an intuitive navigation system. This control panel allows the user to select from 27 different languages to ensure that the operator can easily see and understand how the chiller is operating. TD7 can support 27 languages, but HSWA/B only support 3 languages which are fully translated. (English, Chinese-Simplified, Chinese-Traditional).

Figure 1. Tracer AdaptiView control



- Data graphs
- Mode overrides
- Status (all subsystems) with animated graphics
- Auto/Stop commands
- 20 diagnostics
- ASHRAE chiller log
- Setpoint adjustment (daily user points)

Feed Forward Adaptive Control

Feed Forward Adaptive Control™ is an open loop, predictive control strategy that uses the evaporator entering water temperature as an indicator of load change, allowing the controller to respond faster and to maintain stable leaving water temperatures. Feed Forward Adaptive Control™ algorithms are patented control strategies that respond to both normal and extreme operating conditions to maintain effective chiller plant operation.

Variable-Primary Flow (VPF)

Chilled-water systems that vary the water flow through the chiller evaporator have caught the attention of engineers, contractors, building owners, and operators. Varying the water flow reduces the energy consumed by pumps, while having limited effect on the chiller energy consumption. This strategy can be a significant source of energy savings, depending on the application.

Chilled-Water Reset

Chilled-water reset reduces chiller energy consumption during periods of the year when heating loads are high and cooling loads are reduced. It is based on return chilled-water temperature. Resetting the chilled-water temperature reduces the amount of work that the compressor must do by increasing the evaporator refrigerant pressure. This increased evaporator pressure reduces the pressure differential the compressor must generate.

Communications Interfaces

LonTalk Communications Interface (LCI-C)

The optional LonTalk® Communications Interface for Chillers (LCI-C) is available factory or field installed. It is an integrated communication board that enables the chiller controller to communicate over a LonTalk® network. The LCI-C is capable of controlling and monitoring chiller setpoints, operating modes, alarms, and status. The Trane LCI-C provides additional points beyond the standard LonMark® defined chiller profile to extend interoperability and support a broader range of system applications. These added points are referred to as open extensions. The LCI-C is certified to the LonMark® Chiller Controller Functional Profile 8040 version 1.0, and follows LonTalk® FTT-10A free topology communications.

Native BACnet Communications

Tracer® AdaptiView™ control can be configured for BACnet® communications at the factory or in the field. This enables the chiller controller to communicate on a BACnet® MS/TP network. Chiller setpoints, operating modes, alarms, and status can be monitored and controlled through BACnet®.

Tracer® AdaptiView™ controls conform to the BACnet® B-ASC profile as defined by ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 135-2004.

Controls

Modbus Communications

Tracer® AdaptiView™ controls can be configured for Modbus® communications at the factory or in the field. This enables the chiller controller to communicate as a slave device on a Modbus® network. Chiller setpoints, operating modes, alarms, and status can be monitored and controlled by a Modbus® master device.

Tracer TU Interface

The Tracer® chiller controller adds a level of sophistication better served by a PC application to improve service technician effectiveness and minimize chiller downtime. The Tracer® AdaptiView™ control's operator interface is intended to serve only typical daily tasks. The portable PC-based service-tool software, Tracer® TU, supports service and maintenance tasks. Tracer® TU serves as a common interface to all UC800 and BCI-C (BACnet®) based Trane® chillers, and will customize itself based on the properties of the chiller with which it is communicating. Thus, the service technician learns only one service interface.

The panel bus is easy to troubleshoot using LED sensor verification. Only the defective device is replaced. Tracer® TU can communicate with individual devices or groups of devices.

All chiller status, machine configuration settings, customizable limits, and up to 100 active or historic diagnostics are displayed through the service-tool software interface.

LEDs and their respective Tracer® TU indicators visually confirm the availability of each connected sensor, relay, and actuator.

Tracer® TU is designed to run on a customer's laptop, connected to the Tracer® AdaptiView™ control panel with a USB cable.

Contact your local Trane account manager for more information.

Building Automation and Chiller Plant Control

System and Chiller Plant Controls

Tracer® SC allows you to streamline facility management without reinventing the entire system. Adding Tracer® SC to your system provides a flexible, cost effective solution for building automation and climate control that can extend to lighting and energy consumption. Accessible from a personal computer, tablet or smart phone, Tracer® SC eliminates the need for a dedicated computer so you can manage system performance whenever and wherever it is convenient. Tracer® SC is a simplified, web-based management tool that reduces scheduling, reporting and system application chores to simple "point and click" tasks. Tracer® SC strikes the perfect balance between tenant comfort and energy efficiency, resulting in operating cost savings and a better bottom line.

Note: Tracer SC can be factory installed as an option in the HSWA/B Control Panel.

Area Application

The Area application coordinates groups of equipment based on tenant or occupant organization within a building, allowing for standard calculations and functions. The Area application can be configured to use multiple algorithms, along with area temperatures and humidity inputs, to make an economizing decision. Users are presented with a simplified, logical user interface with logical areas rather than directly interfacing with equipment. The Area application also supports:

- Optimal start/stop
- Humidity pulldown
- Night purge
- Unoccupied heating/cooling setpoints
- Unoccupied humidify/dehumidify
- Timed override functions

For more information, refer to BAS-APG007*-EN (Applications Guide: Air Systems [including EarthWise Systems] for the Tracer SC System Controller).

Chiller Plant Control (CPC)

The Chiller Plant Control (CPC) application permits users to configure a chiller plant for optimal efficiency and reliability, while providing a means for monitoring and controlling the daily operation. Depending upon the chiller plant configuration and design, the CPC application can do the following:

- Provide overall chiller plant status information and alarms to local and remote Tracer® SC users
- Enable or disable chiller plants
- Start, stop, and monitor the status of system chilled water pumps
- Calculate individual chilled water setpoints for chillers in series chiller plants
- Request when chillers are added or subtracted according to building load requirements and user-specified add and subtract logic
- Rotate chillers according to user-defined intervals
- Remove chillers from the rotation in the event

For more information, refer to BAS-APG012*-EN (Applications Guide: Tracer SC System Controller Chiller Plant Control Application).

Chiller-Tower Optimization

The Tracer® chiller-tower optimization extends Adaptive Control™ to the rest of the chiller plant. Chiller-tower optimization is a unique control algorithm for managing the chiller and cooling tower subsystem. It considers the chiller load and real-time ambient conditions, then optimizes the tower setpoint temperature to maximize the efficiency of the entire subsystem. This real-time optimization may vary tower temperatures between 50°F–90°F (10°C–32.2°C) depending upon current outdoor conditions, chiller loading, and ancillary efficiencies.

Tracer Building Controls

The Tracer® AdaptiView™ chiller controller is designed to communicate with a wide range of building automation systems. To leverage all of your HSWA/B chiller capabilities, integrate your chiller into a Tracer® SC system controller or a comprehensive Tracer® ES building management system.

The Tracer® SC system controller can manage multiple systems within a building. It provides a flexible solution for managing your building's HVAC system, with an intuitive, web-based user interface and industry-leading 3D graphics and pre-programmed features such as:

- Chiller plant management—Allows you to manage multiple chillers of any size and coordinate with other equipment as part of your chiller plant operation for even greater energy efficiency and reduced operating costs.
- EarthWise™ Systems—Apply integrated pre-packaged design concepts that are optimized for energy and environmental performance; sustainable systems that deliver measurable, repeatable and superior performance with lower operating costs.

The Tracer® ES building management software provides a web-based, scalable, integration platform for managing all of your facilities as a single enterprise. It allows you to view status and manage alarms and schedules from one system—from anywhere, and its reports enable enterprise-wide decision making for optimized performance. It also offers easy integration with other systems via BACnet® IP.

Standard Protections

The Tracer® AdaptiView™ controller uses proportional-integral-derivative (PID) control for all limits—there is no dead band. This removes oscillation above and below setpoints and extends the capabilities of the chiller. Some of the standard protection features of the chiller controller are described in this section.

High Condenser-Pressure Protection

The chiller controller's condenser limit keeps the condenser pressure under a specified maximum pressure. The chiller will run up to 90 percent of this setpoint before the Adaptive Control™ mode reduces capacity.

Loss of Water-Flow Protection

Tracer® AdaptiView™ control has an input that will accept a contact closure from a proof-of-flow device such as a flow switch or pressure switch. Customer wiring diagrams also suggest that the flow switch be wired in series with the cooling-water and condenser-water pump starter auxiliary contacts. When this input does not prove flow within a fixed time during the transition from Stop to Auto modes of the chiller, or if the flow is lost while the chiller is in the Auto mode of operation, the chiller will be inhibited from running by a diagnostic.

Evaporator Limit Protection

Evaporator Limit is a control algorithm that prevents the chiller from tripping on its low refrigerant-temperature cutout. The machine may run down to the limit but not trip. Under these conditions the intended chilled-water setpoint may not be met, but the chiller will do as much as it can. The chiller will deliver as much cold water as possible even under adverse conditions.

Low Evaporator-Water Temperature

Low evaporator-water temperature protection, also known as Freeze Stat protection, avoids water freezing in the evaporator by immediately shutting down the chiller and attempting to operate the chilled-water pump. This protection is somewhat redundant with the Evaporator Limit protection, and prevents freezing in the event of extreme errors in the evaporator refrigerant temperature sensor.

The cutout setting should be based on the percentage of antifreeze used in the customer's water loop. The chiller's operation and maintenance documentation provides the necessary information for percent antifreeze and suggests leaving-water temperature-cutout settings for a given chilled-water temperature setpoint.

Phase-Loss Protection

The variable adaptive frequency drive monitors for drive output current phase loss. A loss of any of the output currents will result in a manual reset shut down diagnostic.

Momentary Power Loss and Distribution Fault Protection

The variable adaptive frequency drive will converted into generator mode to protect the bearing form damage, need manual reset to start up.

Current-Overload Protection

The variable adaptive frequency drive will monitor the current drawn by each line of the motor and shut the chiller off when the highest of the three line currents exceeds the trip curve. A manual reset diagnostic describing the failure will be displayed. The current overload protection does not prohibit the chiller from reaching its full-load amperage. The chiller protects itself from damage due to current overload during starting and running modes, but is allowed to reach full-load amps.

High Motor-Winding Temperature Protection

This function monitors the motor temperature and terminates chiller operation when the temperature is excessive. The controller monitors winding-temperature sensors any time the controller is powered up, and displays each temperature at the service menu. The controller will generate a latching diagnostic if the winding temperature exceeds 311°F (155°C).

Controls

Surge Detection Protection

The compressor monitor related parameters such as bearing status and running pressure ratio to verify whether the unit has the surge risk and the controller will adjust RPM and IGV to avoid surge occurrence.

Overvoltage and Undervoltage Protection

The variable adaptive frequency drive monitors drive input overvoltage by monitoring the voltage on the DC bus. When the voltage falls out of tolerance, an auto reset shutdown diagnostics will occur. When the drive input voltage falls back into tolerance, the diagnostics will clear and the controller will initiate a start.

Kilowatt Measurement

The variable adaptive frequency drive provides the drive input kilowatt (kW) measurement to the Tracer® AdaptiView™ display and through the controller's other communication interfaces (e.g., BACnet®, Modbus®, or LonTalk™).

Short-Cycling Protection

The chiller controls look at motor winding temperature, variable adaptive frequency drive heat sink temperature to ensure they are cool enough to allow a compressor to start.

Compressor-Discharge Refrigerant-Temperature Protection

Includes a factory-installed sensor and safety cutout on high compressor discharge temperature. Allows the chiller controller to monitor compressor discharge temperature, which is displayed at Tracer® AdaptiView™ control and operator interface, Tracer® TU, and Tracer® building controls.

Chiller Selection

Performance

Trane Official Product Selection System (TOPSS™) software provides performance data for each chiller selection at the full-load design point and part-load operating points as required. Changing the water flow rates may significantly alter the performance of a particular chiller. To obtain the maximum benefit from the wide range of selections available, designers are encouraged to develop performance specifications and use the computer selection program to optimize their selections. This will allow the selection of the particular compressor-evaporator-condenser combination that most closely meets the job requirements. All selections are made using the TOPSS™ selection program.

The TOPSS™ selection program is certified by AHRI in accordance with AHRI Standards 550/590 (I-P). To ensure that the specific chiller built for your project will meet the required performance, and to ensure a more trouble-free startup, it is recommended that the chiller be performance tested on an AHRI-approved factory test loop.

The TOPSS™ selection program has the flexibility to select chillers for excessive field fouling allowances.

Fouling Factors

All heat exchanger tubes are subject to a certain amount of fouling during operation due to contaminants in the water and based on water treatment at the facility. Fouling impedes heat transfer and makes the chiller work harder.

AHRI Standards 550/590 (I-P) include a definition of the standard fouling factors to be used in water-cooled chiller ratings. The standard fouling adjustment is a 0.0001 increment from 0.0000 ("clean") on the evaporator and 0.00025 increment from 0.0000 ("clean") on the condenser. Chiller specifications should be developed using the most current standard fouling factors.

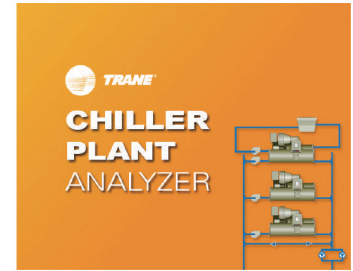
Flow Rate Limits

Flow rate limits for evaporators and condensers are included in the selection program. Please refer to the AHRI Certified TOPSS selection program for the selected configuration flow rate limits.

Full-Load and Part-Load Performance

The HSWA/B chiller possesses excellent performance characteristics over its full range of operation due to multi-stage, direct drive compressor that enables stable and efficient operation over a wide range of conditions.

In order to evaluate total energy costs over a period of time, an in-depth examination of project-specific conditions and energy rate structures should be performed. Trane Air Conditioning Economics, or TRACE™, is a software program that helps HVAC professionals perform this type of analysis and optimize the design of a building's heating, ventilating and air conditioning system based on energy utilization and life-cycle cost. Visit www.traneCDS.com for more information.



Local utilities may offer substantial monetary rebates for centrifugal chillers with specific efficiency ratings. Contact your local utility or your local Trane account manager for further information.

myPLV Chiller Performance Evaluation Tool

The myPLV™ tool provides a simpler tool than TRACE provides for quick and reliable chiller economic comparisons considering both full and part load ratings.

The manufacturer-agnostic tool leverages industry-standard building model data, calculating four performance points (94, 75, 50 and 25 percent) based on the specific building type, location and plant design, providing accurate weighting points and condenser temperatures. The myPLV™ tool also calculates the ton-hours at each of those points necessary to accurately estimate annualized energy use.

Utilizing the myPLV™ tool from the beginning assures that the selected chiller is appropriate for the particular application. Then, myTest™ certification confirms the chiller performs as expected. To learn more or to download a free copy of the myPLV™ tool, please visit www.trane.com/myPLV.

Figure 2.myPLV—Compare chiller performance

myPLV™

calculator

Unit of Measure

SI

Region

West & Central Asia

Country

Turkey (TUR)

State/territory

City/location

Istanbul / Ataturk (3A)

Building Type and Airside Economizer

Office with Econ

Chiller Condenser Type

Water Cooled Chiller

Building Peak Load

6000 kW

Number of Chillers in Plant

2

Size of Each Chiller

3000 kW

Plant Capacity (Calculated Point)

6000 kW

ASHRAE 90.1 app G oversize factor (Calculated Point)

0%

Calculate myPLV™ Conditions

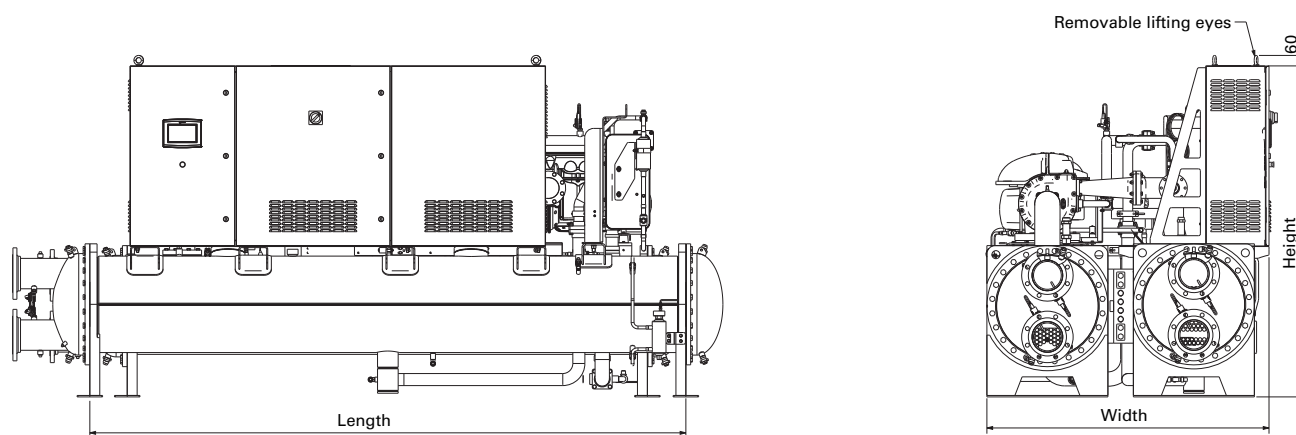
myPLV™ Test and Submittal Points

Enter chiller performance values for four submittal points.

% FL	kW	kW-hrs	weighting	ECWT	Chiller kW/kW
25%	750	689,639	8.2%	15.5° C	0.155
50%	1,500	2,770,231	32.9%	23.3° C	0.136
75%	2,250	3,823,317	45.5%	26.1° C	0.135
94%	2,820	1,128,822	13.4%	27.2° C	0.138
design	3,000		0%	29.4° C	0.151
Total kW-hrs		8,412,009	myPLV™		0.137
			Annualized kWh		1,155,571

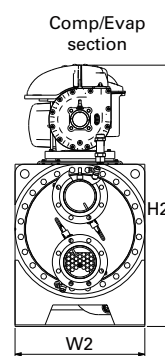
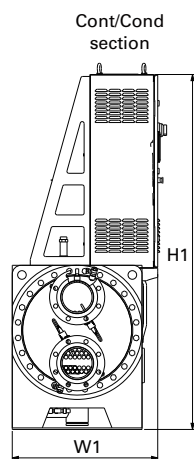
HSWA Unit Specifications—Imperial (I-P) and International System (SI) Units

Dimensions



Unit Configuration	
Compressor	Shell Config. (EVAP/COND)
150	020/020
200	020/020
300	020/020
300	040/040

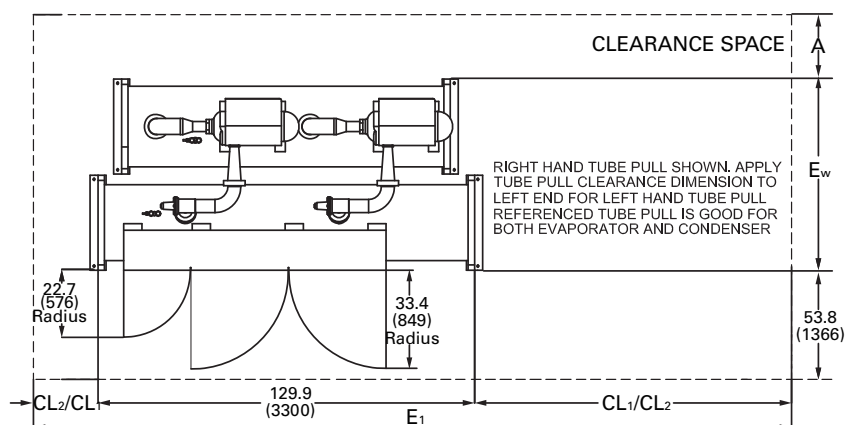
Base Unit Dimensions (Assembled)					
Length		Width		Height	
in	mm	in	mm	in	mm
129.9	3300	63.1	1600	72.2	1835
129.9	3300	63.1	1600	72.2	1835
129.9	3300	63.1	1600	72.2	1835
129.9	3300	65.9	1675	76.8	1950



Cont/Cond Section			
Width (W1)		Height (H1)	
in	mm	in	mm
29.5	750	72.2	1835
29.5	750	72.2	1835
29.5	750	72.2	1835
32.8	832	76.8	1950

Comp/Evap Section			
Width (W2)		Height (H2)	
in	mm	in	mm
26.4	670	53.1	1350
26.4	670	53.1	1350
26.4	670	53.1	1350
32.8	832	60.0	1525

HSWA Unit Specifications—Imperial (I-P) and International System (SI) Un



Unit Configuration	
Compressor	Shell Config. (EVAP/COND)
150	020/020
200	020/020
300	020/020
300	040/040

Space Envelope					
Length(E ₁)		Width(E _w)		Height	
in	mm	in	mm	in	mm
313.8	7970	63.1	1600	72.2	1835
313.8	7970	63.1	1600	72.2	1835
313.8	7970	63.1	1600	72.2	1835
313.8	7970	65.9	1675	76.8	1950

Unit Clearance					
Tube Pull (CL ₁ /CL ₂)		Unit length (no water boxes)		Height	
in	mm	in	mm	in	mm
137.8	3500	130	3300	36.0	920
137.8	3500	130	3300	36.0	920
137.8	3500	130	3300	36.0	920
137.8	3500	130	3300	36.0	920

Dimension	Without Harmonic Filter		With Harmonic Filter	
Name	in	mm	in	mm
A	39.4	1000	72.8	1850

Notes:

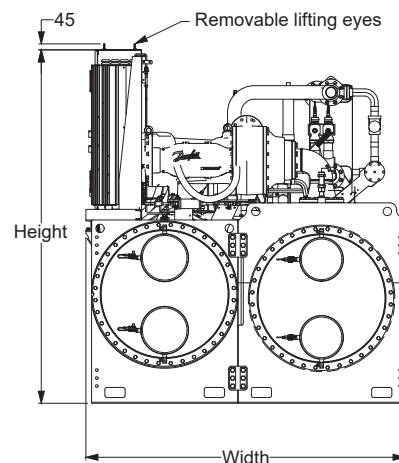
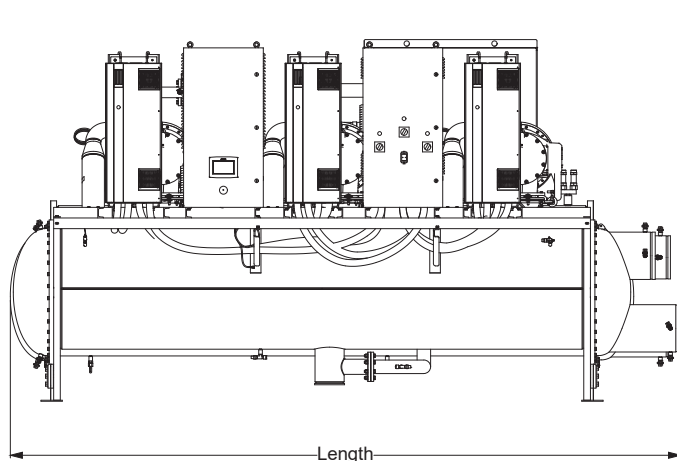
Dimensions do not include waterboxes, fringes or other unit-mounted options that may affect unit size.

1. CL₁ can be at either end of the machine and is required for tube pull clearance.

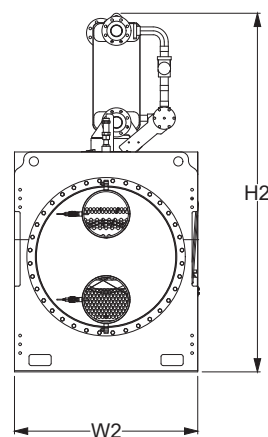
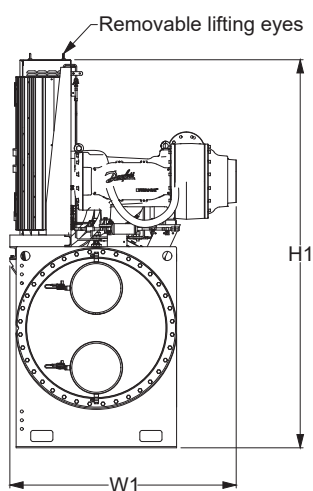
2. CL₂ is always at the opposite end of the machine from CL₁ and is required for service clearance. Contact your Trane representative for more information.

HSWB Unit Specifications—Imperial (I-P) and International System (SI) Units

Dimensions



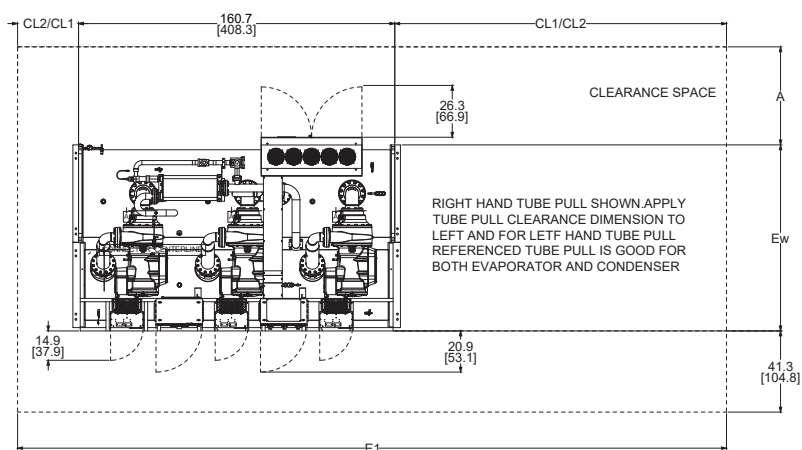
Shell Config. (EVAP/COND)	Base Unit Dimensions (Assembled)					
	Length		Width		Height	
	in	mm	in	mm	in	mm
100	160.7	4083	94.6	2402	104.8	2661
070	160.7	4083	90.8	2307	92.8	2356
050	160.7	4083	86.0	2185	79.7	2025



Shell Config. (EVAP/COND)	Comp/Cond/Comp Section			
	Width (W1)		Height (H1)	
	in	mm	in	mm
100	61.1	1552	104.8	2661
070	61.1	1552	92.8	2356
050	61.1	1552	79.7	2025

Shell Config. (EVAP/COND)	Econ/Evap/Filter Section			
	Width (W2)		Height (H2)	
	in	mm	in	mm
100	49.5	1257	96.8	2459
070	42.0	1067	90.4	2295
050	36.4	925	77.9	1979

HSWB Unit Specifications—Imperial (I-P) and International System (SI) Un



Unit Configuration
Shell Config. (EVAP/COND)
100
070
050

Space Envelope					
Length(E1)		Width(EW)		Height	
in	mm	in	mm	in	mm
375.4	9536	94.6	2402	142.7	3624
375.4	9536	90.8	2307	130.7	3319
375.4	9536	86.0	2185	117.6	2988

Unit Clearance					
Tube Pull (CL1 /CL2)		Unit length (no water boxes)		Height	
in	mm	in	mm	in	mm
168.6	4283	161	4083	36	920
168.6	4283	161	4083	36	920
168.6	4283	161	4083	36	920

Dimension	Without Harmonic Filter		With Harmonic Filter	
Name	in	mm	in	mm
A	39.4	1000	72.8	2000

Notes:

Dimensions do not include waterboxes, fringes or other unit-mounted options that may affect unit size.

1. CL1 can be at either end of the machine and is required for tube pull clearance.
2. CL2 is always at the opposite end of the machine from CL1 and is required for service clearance Contact your Trane representative for more information.

Mechanical Specifications

Compressor-Motor

Direct drive multiple-stage compressor, single-stage capacity control guide vanes. Dynamically balanced, shrouded aluminum alloy impellers. Refrigerant-cooled, hermetically sealed, permanent magnet motor. Two magnetic bearings support the rotating assembly. Fully integrated magnetic bearing controller (MBC).

Evaporator-Condenser

Shells are carbon steel plate. Evaporator and condenser include relief devices per ASME Section VIII, Div. 1/ASHRAE 15 Safety Code. Carbon steel tube sheets are drilled, reamed and grooved to accommodate tubes. Tubes are individually replaceable externally finned seamless copper. Tubes are mechanically expanded into tube sheets. Condenser baffle prevents direct impingement of compressor discharge gas upon the tubes. Refrigerant side of the assembled unit is tested at both pressure (300.00 psi [2068.43 kPa] condenser/200.00 psi [1378.95 kPa] evaporator leak test) and vacuum. Water side is hydrostatically tested at one and one-half times design working pressure, but not less than 225.00 psi (1551.32 kPa).

Trane reserves the right to implement chiller technology enhancements that will reduce the chiller's refrigerant charge, with no impact on chiller performance. Changes may be reflected in the chiller's nameplate refrigerant charge and the quantity of refrigerant charge shipped in the unit or to the jobsite, depending upon the final date of equipment manufacture.

Waterboxes

Drains and vents—Waterboxes typically have 3/4-inch NPTI vents and drain connections provided. Evaporators and condensers have one vent and one drain. If grooved connections are offered, the design is based on Style 77.

Economizer

A thermal economizer with no moving parts provides power saving capability.

Tracer AdaptiView Control Panel

The Tracer® AdaptiView™ is a microprocessor-based chiller control system that provides complete stand alone system control and monitoring for the water-cooled HSWA/B. It is a factory-mounted package including a full complement of controls to safely and efficiently operate the HSWA/B chiller, interface to the starter, and comprehensive motor protection. Inlet and outlet water (fluid) temperature sensors are located in the evaporator and condenser waterbox connections as standard.

The display is a touch sensitive 7-inch diagonal color liquid crystal display (LCD) that uses color graphics and animation to ensure ease of use. The touch-sensitive interface allows the operator to view the chiller graphically and receive a status indication via subsystem animations.

For each subsystem, you can view status and detailed operating parameters. In addition, alarms, reports, trending, and settings can all be accessed quickly from the main screen. The panel supports an extensive list of languages including the default English. The data can be set to be viewed in inch pounds (I-P) or metric units (SI).

Operating Data

The Tracer[®] AdaptiView[™] control panel displays operating data including:

- Operating hours
- Number of starts
- Chilled water setpoint
- Evaporator and condenser water flow status
- Evaporator entering and leaving water temperatures
- Evaporator saturated refrigerant temperatures
- Evaporator approach temperature
- Evaporator refrigerant pressure
- Condenser entering and leaving water temperatures
- Condenser saturated refrigerant temperatures
- Condenser approach temperature
- Condenser refrigerant pressure
- Variable frequency drive average motor current % RLA

The Tracer[®] AdaptiView[™] control panel also contains the following dedicated reports:

- Evaporator
- Condenser
- Compressor

Each report is comprised of a detailed listing of operational data relative to that chiller subsystem.

Control Functions

The Tracer[®] AdaptiView[™] control panel features control functions including:

- Leaving chilled water temperature
- Percent demand limit
- Chiller water reset (based on return water temperature)
- Front panel control type
- Setpoint source
- Differential to start
- Differential to stop

Mechanical Specifications

Status Data

The Tracer® AdaptiView™ control panel displays status data including:

- Waiting to start
- Running
- Run limit
- Run inhibit (adaptive)
- Auto
- Preparing shutdown
- Shutting down
- Stopped

Safeties

The Tracer® AdaptiView™ control panel features safeties including automatic safety shutdown for:

- Low chilled water temperature
- Low evaporator refrigerant temperature
- High condenser refrigerant pressure
- Evaporator and condenser flow status
- High motor temperature
- Variable frequency drive function faults
- Critical temperature and pressure sensor faults

These devices are of a latching trip out type requiring manual reset. Non-latching safety trip outs for operating conditions external to the chiller automatically permits unit to resume normal operation when condition is resolved.

Appendix A: Chiller Operating Cycles

Compressor Motor

All HSWA/B chiller motors are cooled by refrigerant vapor. Using vapor refrigerant results in uniform low temperatures throughout the motor, which prolongs motor life over open designs. Motor heat is rejected out to the cooling tower, which helps keep the equipment room at a desirable temperature.

Expansion Valve Flow Control

For proper refrigerant flow control at all load conditions, the HSWA/B chiller design incorporates an electronically-controlled expansion valve. Valve position responds to changing operating conditions to ensure proper refrigerant management in the heat exchangers and optimal chiller performance at all load points.

Multiple Stages of Compression

The multi-stage design provides a stable operating envelope to meet dynamic system needs for reliable operation in all real-world conditions. It also enables the use of a flash economizer for better efficiency.

Inlet Guide Vanes

Part-load performance is further improved through the use of moveable inlet guide vanes. Inlet guide vanes improve performance by throttling refrigerant gas flow to exactly meet part-load requirements and by pre-rotating the refrigerant gas. Pre-rotation minimizes turbulence and increases efficiency.

Economizer

Two-stage HSWA/B chillers utilize a single-stage economizer with sub-cooler, providing up to 4.5 percent better efficiency than designs with no economizer.

These improvements in efficiency are not possible in single-stage chillers where all compression is done by one impeller.

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